

# **ECQB-PPL Examination Questions**

# PPL(A)

Compliant to (EU) No. 1178/2011 and AMC FCL.115, .120, .210, .215

(Extract)

# **10 – Air Law**





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1	Whic	ch of the following documents have to be on board for an international flight?
	b) Co c) Ai d) E/ e) Ai f) Ap	ertificate of aircraft registration ertificate of airworthiness rworthiness review certificate ASA Form-1 rplane logbook epropriate papers for every crew member echnical logbook (1,00 P.)
		a, b, c, e, f b, c, d, e, f, g d, f, g a, b, e, g
2	Whic	ch area could be crossed with certain restrictions? (1,00 P.)
		Prohibited area Restricted area Dangerous area No-fly zone
3	Wha	t is the meaning of an area labeled "LO D 21"? (1,00 P.)
		This area is the austrian dangerous area no. 21 In this area airspace "D" no. 21 has been established A no-fly area was set up from ground up to FL 210 A low-level flying area was set up till 210 ft AGL
4	Wha	t is the meaning of an area labeled "LO D 15"? (1,00 P.)
		This area is the austrian restricted area no. 15. This area is a military only area This area is a no-fly area from ground up to FL150 This area is an area for test flights up to 1.500 ft AGL
5	Wha	t is the meaning of an area labeled "LK P 2"? (1,00 P.)
		This area is the czech restricted area no. 2 The area is a military only area This area is a no-fly area up to FL 245 This area is a restricted area from ground level up to FL 200

6 Where can the typ		re can the type of restriction for a restricted airspace be found? (1,00 P.)		
		ICAO chart 1:500000 AIP AIC NOTAM		
7		ch statement is correct regarding restricted areas in Austria? (1,00 P.)		
		In Austria there are no permanent restricted areas. Restricted areas are established around potentially explosive industry. Restricted areas are established around military shooting ranges. Restricted areas are established around power plants.		
8	A bil	ateral agreement under international law can be declared between (1,00 P.)		
		two states. two airlines. more than two states. more than two airlines.		
9	A mu	ultilateral agreement under international law can be declared between (1,00 P.)		
		more than two states. two airlines. two states. more than two airlines.		
10	Wha	t is the definition of "scheduled flights"? (1,00 P.)		
		Flights which transport persons or objects periodically and publicly on certain routes Flights with a flight plan Flights which require a flight preparation and flight route planning Flights which cross national borders		
11	What is the status of the rules and procedures created by the EASA (e. g. Part-FCL, Part-MED)? (1,00 P.)			
		They have the same status as ICAO Annexes They are not legally binding, they only serve as a guide They are part of the EU regulation and legally binding to all EU member states Only after a ratification by individual EU member states they are legally binding		

12	Which organisation issues certification requirements for newly developed aircrafts in Austria? (1,00 P.)		
		FAA Federal Ministry EASA ICAO	
13	Whi	ich validity does the "Certificate of Airworthiness" have? (1,00 P.)	
		6 months 12 years Unlimited 12 months	
14	Wha	at is the meaning of the abbreviation "ARC"? (1,00 P.)	
		Airworthiness Recurring Control	
		Airspace Restriction Criteria	
	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Airworthiness Review Certificate	
		Airspace Rulemaking Committee	
15	The	"Certificate of Airworthiness" is issued by the state (1,00 P.)	
		in which the aircraft is registered. in which the aircraft is constructed. of the residence of the owner. in which the airworthiness review is done.	
16	Who	ere should the registration of an aircraft clearly visibly be attached? (1,00 P.)	
		On the upper side of the right wing, on the fuselage or on the body-mounted engine nacelles (both sides).	
	V	On the fuselage or on the body-mounted engine nacelles (both sides) and at the lower side of the left wing.	
		On both wings and at least one side of the fuselage and on the body-mounted engine nacelles. On the lower part of the fuselage, on one side of the fuselage and on the upper side of one wing	
17		ler which circumstances are Austrian aircraft obliged to carry the national flag? 0 P.)	
		This is not necessary. On every flight.	
		Only for international flights. Only on flights outside the EU countries.	

18 Which type of aircraft has the registration "OE-XUB"? (1,00 P.)		ch type of aircraft has the registration "OE-XUB"? (1,00 P.)
		Helicopter. Single piston engine aircraft. Microlight. Power glider.
19	A pi	lot license issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1 is only valid in (1,00 P.)
		all ICAO countries. the country where the license was acquired. the country where the license was issued.
		those countries that have accepted this license on application.
20	14/1	41. 41. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.
20		at is the subject of ICAO Annex 1? (1,00 P.)
		Flight crew licensing Operation of aircraft
		Air traffic services
		Rules of the air
21		ch flight times have to be recorded in you personal flight log book and what is the ect expression ? (1,00 P.)
		The period, when the aircraft leaves the ground until the aircraft touches the ground at the destination.
		Flighttime The period, when the aircraft reaches the taxi holding point until the aircraft leaves the runway at the destination.
	Ø	Dutytime The period from the moment when the aircraft starts taxi with own power until reaching the parking position at the destination.
		Blocktime The period, when the pilot takes seat in the aircraft until the pilot leaves the aircraft at the destination.
		Enroutetime
22	Wha	at is the period of validity of a private pilot license (PPL)? (1,00 P.)
		24 months 60 months Unlimited 48 months

23	What is the minimum age to obtain a private pilot license? (1,00 P.)			
		16 years		
	<b>☑</b>	17 years 18 years		
		21 years		
24	What are the minimum requirements among others to acquire a rating for VFR night flights? (1,00 P.)			
		At least 10 additional flight hours at night, three of them with a flight instructor with at least 1 hour cross-country flight plus 5 solo take-offs and full-stop landings		
		At least 5 additional flight hours at night, three of them with a flight instructor with at least 1 hour cross-country flight plus 5 solo take-offs and full-stop landings		
		At least 5 additional flight hours at night, four of them with a flight instructor with at least 1 hour cross-country flight plus 5 solo take-offs and full-stop landings		
		At least 5 additional flight hours at night, three of them with a flight instructor with at least 1 hour cross-country flight plus 10 solo take-offs and full-stop landings		
25 The validity of a medical examination certificate class 2 for a 62 years old (1,00 P.)		validity of a medical examination certificate class 2 for a 62 years old pilot is		
	<b>☑</b>	12 Months. 60 Months.		
		48 Months.		
		24 Months.		
26		nich way is a SEP (land) rating renewed if you do not meet the required flight ? (1,00 P.)		
	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	A proficiency check with an examiner		
		The required flight experience has to be accumulated under supervision of a flight instructor. The ATO can renew the rating after a training flight with a flight instructor.		
		According to the flight experience there have to be several training flights under supervision of an ATO		
27	The	possession of a european PPL(A) entitles the holder to (1,00 P.)		
	$\square$	act as PIC on non-commercial flights without compensation as well as to receive compensation as a flight instrucor.		
		act as PIC, and only for flights in aircraft with a MTOW of maximum 2000 kg a compensation may be obtained.		
		act as pilot in commercial and non-commercial flights with single engine aircraft.		

28	28 What is the minimum age to start a private pilot training at a flight sch	
		16 years 17 years 18 years 21 years
29	Wha	at is the meaning of the abbreviation "BCMT"? (1,00 P.)
		The center of the sun is 6° below the horizon and dawn is imminent Before entering airspace C: Transponder Mandatory International morse code for: on high seas It is mandatory to set the transponder to mode C or S with the squawk 7000
30	Wha	at is the meaning of the abbreviation "SERA"? (1,00 P.)
		Standardized European Rules of the Air Selective Radar Altimeter Specialized Radar Approach Standard European Routes of the Air
31	Wha	at is the meaning of the abbreviation "TRA"? (1,00 P.)
		Temporary Reserved Area Transponder Area Temporary Radar Routing Area Terminal Area
32	Wha	at has to be considered when entering an RMZ? (1,00 P.)
		To permanently monitor the radio and if possible to establish radio contact To obtain a clearance to enter this area The transponder has to be switched on Mode C and squawk 7000 To obtain a clearance from the local aviation authority
33	Wha	at condition has to be met during a Special VFR flight? (1,00 P.)
		Visual reference to the terrain A minimum distance to clouds of 2000 m At least 500 m ground visibilty Speed not above 115 kt IAS

34	Wha	t has to be done before entering a TMZ? (1,00 P.)
		Switch on the transponder and activate mode A and C or mode S Switch on the transponder, activate mode A, and squawk "IDENT" Request a clearance before entering File a flight plan before the flight
35	Wha	t is the meaning of the abbreviation "ECET"? (1,00 P.)
		End of Civil Evening Twilight European Council of Economic Travel European Civil Aviation Entrance Test End of Central European Time
36	Wha	t is the meaning of an area marked as "TMZ"? (1,00 P.)
		Transponder Mandatory Zone Traffic Management Zone Touring Motorglider Zone Transportation Management Zone
37		t is the meaning of the abbreviation "IFR"? 0 P.)
		Instrument Meteorological Conditions Instrument Flight Rules Commercial Flight Rules Bad Weather Flight Rules
38	Wha	t is the meaning of the abbreviation "VMC"? (1,00 P.)
		Visual meteorological conditions Visual flight rules Variable meteorological conditions Instrument flight conditions
39	Wha	t is the meaning of the abbreviation "IMC"? (1,00 P.)
		Instrument meteorological conditions Instrument flight rules Inter meteorological conditions Instrument conditions

40	What is the minimum height above an industrial site working with inflammables and explosives? (1,00 P.)		
		1000 ft above the highest obstacle within a radius of 600 m from the aircraft 500 ft AGL	
		1000 ft above the highest obstacle within a radius of 300 m from the aircraft	
		2000 ft AGL	
41	Whi	ch sequence is correct with regard to the rules of priority?	
	b) Ei	liders ngine-driven aeroplanes ang-gliders / paragliders alloons	
	(Sta	rt with the aircraft with the LOWEST priority.) (1,00 P.)	
		b, a, c, d a, b, c, d d, c, b, a d, a, c, b	
42	Two	engine-driven aircraft are flying on crossing courses at the same altitude.	
	Whi	ch one has to divert? (1,00 P.)	
		Both have to divert to the right The heavier one has to climb Both have to divert to the left	
		The lighter one has to climb	
43	Whil	e taxiing, two engine-driven aeroplanes face each other direct on opposite	
		ch one has to divert? (1,00 P.)	
		Both have to divert to the right The heavier one has to divert to the right Both have to divert to the left The heavier one has to divert to the left	
		The fleation one flag to divort to the lott	

44 Two aeroplanes are flying on crossing tracks. Which one has to divert? (1,00 P.) The aircraft which flies from right to left has the right of priority The aircraft which flies from left to right has the right of priority Both have to divert to the right П Both have to divert to the left 45 What is the difference between "crossing" and "passing" regarding two aeroplane? (1,00 P.)  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ When "crossing", the angle between the two aeroplanes is more than 70°, when "passing", it is When "crossing", the angle between the two aeroplanes is less than 70°, when "passing", it is bigger If both pilots can see each other through a side window, it is called "crossing" If the difference in speed is more than 30 kt, it is called "passing" 46 In airspace "D" a Boeing 737 and a Cessna 152 are flying on crossing courses. Which aeroplane has to divert? (1,00 P.) The aeroplane flying from right to left has priority, the other one has to divert  $\square$ The Cessna 152, because IFR and commercial flights have priority The Boeing 737, because an airliner has greater power reserves The air traffic control (ATC) has to decide which one has to divert 47 Which of the following options is NOT a sufficient reason to fly below the required minimum height? (1,00 P.)  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Bad weather conditions in the vicinity of an aerodrome Take-off or landing at an aerodrome The drop of towed objects at an aerodrome An approach without landing at an aerodrome 48 Which of the following statements concerning the rules of priority is NOT correct? (1,00 P.) Touring motor gliders with shut-down engine have priority over engine-powered aircraft  $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Engine-powered aircraft have priority over engine-powered gliders Aircraft in distress always have priority Landing aircraft have priority over starting aircraft

49 A single-engine piston and a turboprop aeroplane are approaching each other opposite at the same altitude. Which aeroplane has to change its track to avoid a collision? (1,00 P.) The turboprop aircraft has to give way to the single-engine piston aircraft  $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Both aircraft have to alter their tracks to the right The single-engine piston aircraft has to give way to the turboprop aircraft Both aircraft have to alter their tracks to the left 50 Which distances to clouds have to be maintained during a VFR flight in airpaces C, D and E? (1,00 P.) 1500 m horizontally, 1000 ft vertically  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ 1000 m horizontally, 1500 ft vertically 1000 m horizontally, 300 m vertically 1500 m horizontally, 1000 m vertically 51 What is the meaning of the term "Special VFR"? (1,00 P.) A VFR flight is performed below the VFR weather minimas within a control zone  $\square$ A VFR flight is performed on an IFR route with a special permission of ATC A VFR flight is performed in controlled airspace after approval with ATC without COM equipment A VFR flight is performed in especially established airspace 52 Which are the minimum weather conditions for a "Special VFR" flight in a control zone? (1,00 P.)  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Minimum visibility in flight 1,5 km, ceiling not below 600 ft Minimum visibility in flight 2,5 km, ceiling not below 500 ft Minimum visibility in flight 3 km, ceiling not below 500 ft Minimum visibility in flight 3 km, ceiling not below 600 ft 53 The minimum flight visibility at 5000 ft MSL in airspace B for VFR flights is... (1,00 P.)  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 5000 m. 8000 m. 3000 m. П 1500 m. 54 What is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" for an aircraft operating under VFR at 5000 ft MSL? (1,00 P.)  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 5000 m 8000 m 3000 m 1500 m

55	VFR	t is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" for an aircraft operating under at 7000 ft MSL? 0 P.)
		5000 m 8000 m 3000 m 1500 m
56		t is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" for an aircraft operating under at 11000 ft MSL? (1,00 P.)
		8000 m 5000 m 3000 m 1500 m
57	VFR	t is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" for an aircraft operating under at FL 125? 0 P.)
		8000 m 5000 m 3000 m 1500 m
58	Wha	t are the minimum distances to clouds for a VFR flight in airspace "B"? (1,00 P.)
		Vertically 1.5 km, horizontally 300 m Vertically 1.0 km, horizontally 1500 ft Vertically 1.0 km, horizontally 300 m Vertically 1.5 km, horizontally 1000 m
59		t is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" below FL 100 for an aircraft rating under VFR? (1,00 P.)
		8 km 5 km 1.5 km 10 km

60	What is the minimum flight visibility in airspace "C" at and above FL 100 for an aircraft operating under VFR?  (1,00 P.)		
	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	8 km	
		5 km	
		1.5 km	
		10 km	
61	The	term "ceiling" is defined as the (1,00 P.)	
		altitude of the base of the lowest layer of clouds covering more than half of the sky below 20000	
	V	ft. height of the base of the lowest layer of clouds covering more than half of the sky below 20000 ft.	
		height of the base of the lowest layer of clouds covering more than half of the sky below 10000 ft.	
		height of the base of the highest layer of clouds covering more than half of the sky below 20000 ft.	
62		ler which conditions a VFR flight during night is allowed?	
	b) T c) P	he aeroplane is equipped and permitted for night flight. arachutes for all crew members and passengers must be operational and already	
	put d) T	on. he flight has to be performed in controlled airspace or in the vicinity of the	
		odrome.  permit to fly have to be obtained before every flight from Radar control. (1,00 P.)	
		a, b, d. a, b, c, d, e. a, b, e. b, c, d.	
63		ng intercepted by a military aircraft at daytime, what is the meaning of the bowing signal:	
		rnating movement of the ailerons, normally left of the intercepted aircraft, owed by a smooth turn to the left? (1,00 P.)	
		You are entering a resticted area, leave the airspace immediately Follow me	
		Prepare for a safety landing, you have entered a prohibited area You are clear of any restricted or reserved airspaces, you can continue on your heading	

64 Being intercepted by a military aircraft at daytime, what is the meaning of the following signal: A sudden heading change of 90 degrees or more and a pull-up of the aircraft without crossing the track of the intercepted aircraft? (1,00 P.) You are entering a resticted area, leave the airspace immediately Prepare for a safety landing, you have entered a prohibited area Follow me, i will bring you to the next suitable airfield  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ You may continue your flight 65 The altimeter is switched from local QNH to 1013.25 hPa... (1,00 P.) at 4000 ft. at the decision height.  $\sqrt{}$ when climbing above the transition altitude. when descending below FL 100. 66 During a flight at FL 80, the altimeter setting has to be... (1,00 P.) local QNH. local QFE.  $\checkmark$ 1013.25 hPa. П 1030.25 hPa. 67 What is the purpose of the semi-circular rule? (1,00 P.) To avoid collisions by reducing the probability of opposing traffic at the same altitude To allow safe climbing or descending in a holding pattern To avoid collisions by suspending turning manoeuvres To fly without a filed flight plan in prescribed zones published in the AIP 68 Which of the following options are possible SSR-Transponder modes? (1,00 P.) A, C, R B, C, V B, R, S  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ A, C, S 69 A transponder with the ability to send the current pressure level is a... (1,00 P.) mode A transponder. pressure-decoder. transponder approved for airspace "B".  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ mode C or S transponder.

70	Which transponder code has to be set in airspace E for VFR flights, if no other code was assigned? (1,00 P.)		
		7000.	
		2000.	
		3000.	
		6000.	
71	Whi	ch transponder code indicates a loss of radio communication? (1,00 P.)	
		7000 2000 7700 7600	
72		ch transponder code should be set during a radio failure without any request?	
		7600 7500 7700 7000	
73	Whi	ch transponder code has to be set unrequested during an emergency? (1,00 P.)	
		7500	
	<b>□</b>	7700	
		7000	
74	The	"IDENT" button on the transponder has to be used (1,00 P.)	
		without any request before entering airspace C, D or E. only once after a direct request by the ATC. without any request before entering a CTA. three times to indicate a radio failure.	

75	The aerodrome Friesach/Hirt (LOKH) is located within airspace	
	See	annex (ALW-024) (1,00 P.)
	See	annex 1
		D. E. F. G.
76		at is the maximum allowed flight altitude at "Mauterndorf", if the pilot does not e contact to an ATC-station?
	See	annex (ALW-026) (1,00 P.)
	See	annex 2
		9.500 ft MSL. 7.500 ft MSL. FL 195. FL 125.
77	Whi ☑	ch air traffic service is responsible for the safe conduct of flights? (1,00 P.)  ATC (air traffic control)
		FIS (flight information service) ALR (alerting service) AIS (aeronautical information service)
78	Air t	traffic control service is conducted by which services? (1,00 P.)
		FIS (flight information service) AIS (aeronautical information service) AFS (aeronautical fixed telecommunication service)
		ALR (alerting service) SAR (search and rescue service) TWR (aerodrome control service)
		APP (approach control service) ACC (area control service) FIS (flight information service)
	☑	TWR (aerodrome control service) APP (approach control service) ACC (area control service)
79	Whi	ch answer is correct with regard to separation in airspace "E"? (1,00 P.)
		VFR traffic is separated only from IFR traffic IFR traffic is separated only from VFR traffic VFR traffic is not separated from any other traffic VFR traffic is separated from VFR and IFR traffic

80	The CTR Linz is located within airspace		
	See	annex (ALW-028) (1,00 P.)	
	See annex 3		
	☐ ☐ ☐	D from GND to 2.500 ft MSL. D from 1.000 ft AGL but at least 2.500 ft MSL to FL125. E from 1.000 ft AGL to FL125. E from GND to 2.500 ft AGL.	
81	The	upper limit of the CTR St. Gallen/Altenrhein is	
	See	annex (ALW-029) (1,00 P.)	
	See	annex 4	
	$\overline{\checkmark}$	5.500 ft MSL.	
		3.300 ft MSL.	
		2.000 ft MSL.	
		1.306 ft MSL.	
82	Which air traffic services can be expected within an FIR (flight information region)? (1,00 P.)		
		ATC (air traffic control) FIS (flight information service)	
		FIS (flight information service) ALR (alerting service)	
		AIS (aeronautical information service)	
		SAR (search and rescue) ATC (air traffic control) AIS (aeronautical information service)	
83	A pil	ot can contact FIS (flight information service) (1,00 P.)	
		via telephone.	
		via internet. via radio communication. by a personal visit.	

84	Aler	Alerting service is provided (1,00 P.)			
		only for aircraft flying with a flight plan. for all aircraft known to ATC. only for aircraft flying according to IFR.			
		only for aircraft with a MTOM of 20000 kg and more.			
85	What is the correct phrase with respect to wake turbulance to indicate that a light aircraft is following an aircraft of a higher wake turbulance category? (1,00 P.)				
		Danger jet blast Attention propwash Caution wake turbulence Be careful wake winds			
86	Whi	ch of the following options states a correct position report? (1,00 P.)			
		DEABC, "N", 2500 ft DEABC over "N" in FL 2500 ft DEABC reaching "N" DEABC over "N" at 35			
87	Wha	t is the meaning of the abbreviation "AIREP"? (1,00 P.)			
		Aeronautical information report Aircraft report			
		Aeronautical instrument requirement report Automatic identification report			
88	Wha	t information is provided in the general part (GEN) of the AIP? (1,00 P.)			
		Map icons, list of radio nav aids, time for sunrise and sunset, airport fees, air traffic control fees Warnings for aviation, ATS airspaces and routes, restricted and dangerous airspaces Table of content, classification of airfields with corresponding maps, approach charts, taxi			
		charts, restricted and dangerous airspaces Access restrictions for airfields, passenger controls, requirements for pilots, license samples and validity periods			

89	Whice P.)	Which are the different parts of the Aeronautical Information Publication (AIP)? (1,00 P.)			
		GEN AGA COM			
		GEN COM MET			
		GEN MET			
		RAC GEN ENR AD			
90		t information is provided in the part "AD" of the AIP? 0 P.)			
		Map icons, list of radio nav aids, time for sunrise and sunset, airport fees, air traffic control fees			
		Warnings for aviation, ATS airspaces and routes, restricted and dangerous airspaces. Table of content, classification of airfields with corresponding maps, approach charts, taxi charts Access restrictions for airfields, passenger controls, requirements for pilots, license samples and validity periods			
91	The	shown NOTAM is valid until			
	A1024/13 A) LOWW B) 1305211200 C) 1305211400 E) STOCKERAU VOR STO 113.00 UNSERVICEABLE. (1,00 P.)				
	$\square$	21/05/2013 14:00 UTC.			
		21/05/2014 13:00 UTC.			
		13/05/2013 12:00 UTC.			
		13/10/2013 00:00 UTC.			
92	A Pr	e-Flight Information Bulletin (PIB) is a presentation of current (1,00 P.)			
		AIP information of operational significance prepared prior to flight.  NOTAM information of operational significance prepared prior to flight.  AIC information of operational significance prepared after the flight.  ICAO information of operational significance prepared after the flight.			

93	A Pro	A Pre-Flight Information Bulletin (PIB) contains a summary of current (1,00 P.)		
		AICs and other information of urgent character.  NOTAM and other information of urgent character.  NOTAM and other information of urgent character.  ICAO Annexes and other information of urgent character.		
94		eronautical Information Circular (AIC) contains information for air navigation, h are (1,00 P.)		
		neither published in the AIP nor as NOTAM, but are considered necessary to be published for domestic air traffic.		
	$\overline{\checkmark}$	neither published in the AIP nor as NOTAM, but are considered necessary to be published for		
		international air traffic. neither published in the AIP nor as NOTAM, but are considered necessary to be published for		
		international air traffic. published by AIRAC and as NOTAM, but are considered necessary to be published additionally by AIC for international air traffic.		
95	95 What kind of airfield is LOWK?			
	See annex (ALW-027) (1,00 P.)			
	See	annex 5		
		Public Civil Aerodrome. Private airfield. Military airfield. A glider airfield.		
96		term "aerodrome elevation" is defined as (1,00 P.)		
		the highest point of the apron.		
		the highest point of the landing area.		
		the lowest point of the landing area. the average value of the height of the manoeuvring area.		
97	Whic	ch statement is correct with regard to the term "taxi holding point"? (1,00 P.)		
		A taxi holding point is an area where the aircraft must stop unless further permission to proceed is given		
	$\square$	A taxi holding point is the point at which the aircraft must stop unless further permission to proceed is given		
		A taxi holding point is designed to indicate the beginning of the safety area and may be crossed when a taxi clearance is given		
		A taxi holding point is only to be observed for IFR traffic if instrument weather conditions are prevailing		

98 What kind of airfield is LOXZ?		t kind of airfield is LOXZ?	
	See annex (ALW-030) (1,00 P.)		
	See annex 6		
		A privat airfield. Public civil airfield. Military airfield. International airport.	
99	Wha	t information is provided by a SNOWTAM? (1,00 P.)	
		Notifications of runway/taxiway/apron status with respect to snow, ice, and standing water Special NOTAM, especially urgent NOTAM information Information which can not be listed in the AIP Special information on recent changes on ICAO maps	
100	Wha	t does the reported runway condition "WET" mean? (1,00 P.)	
		The surface of the runway is soaked, but there are no significant patches of standing water A large part of the surface is flooded	
		Some water patches are visible The runway is clear of water, ice, and snow	
101	What does the reported runway condition "DAMP" mean? (1,00 P.)		
		Wet surface, but no significant puddles are visible A large part of the surface is flooded	
		Change of colour on the surface due to moisture The runway is clear of water, ice, and snow	
102	Wha P.)	t does "WATER PATCHES" mean regarding the reported runway condition? (1,00	
		Wet surface, but no significant patches are visible A large part of the surface is flooded Patches of standing water are visible The runway is clear of water, ice, and snow	

103	How	can a wind direction indicator be marked for better visibility? (1,00 P.)
		The wind direction indicator could be made from green materials.  The wind direction indicator may be mounted on top of the control tower.
		The wind direction indicator could be surrounded by a white circle.  The wind direction indicator could be located on a big black surface.
104		t is the meaning of a flashing red light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed aircraft in flight? (1,00 P.)
		Return for landing, followed by steady green at the appropriate time Give way to other aircraft and continue circling Airport unsafe, do not land Cleared to land
105		t is the meaning of a flashing green light signal at a controlled aerodrome cted to an aircraft in flight? (1,00 P.)
		Return for landing, followed by steady green at the appropriate time Give way to other aircraft and continue circling Airport unsafe, do not land Cleared to land
106	What is the meaning of a steady green light signal at a controlled aerodrome direct to an aircraft in flight? (1,00 P.)	
		Return for landing, followed by steady green at the appropriate time Give way to other aircraft and continue circling Airport unsafe, do not land Cleared to land
107		t is the meaning of a flashing white light signal at a controlled aerodrome
		Cleared for take-off Return to starting point Clear the taxiway / runway Cleared to taxi
108		t is the meaning of a flashing red light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed a aircraft on ground? (1,00 P.)
		Cleared for take-off Return to starting point Immediately taxi clear of runway in use Cleared to taxi

109	What is the meaning of a flashing green light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed to an aircraft in flight? (1,00 P.)		
		Cleared for take-off Return to starting point Land at this airport and proceed to the apron Cleared to taxi	
110	Of w	hat shape is a landing direction indicator? (1,00 P.)	
		L A straight arrow T An angled arrow	
111	Wha	t is the purpose of the signal square at an aerodrome? (1,00 P.)	
		It is an illuminated area on which search and rescue and fire fighting vehicles are placed It is a specially marked area to pick up or drop towing objects It contains special symbols to indicate the conditions at the aerodrome visually to over-flying aircraft	
		Aircraft taxi to this square to get light signals for taxi and take-off clearance	
112	In w	hich way should a pilot confirm received light signals in flight? (1,00 P.)	
		Rock the wings (in the daytime) Apply some changes of the rudder Apply some changes of RPM Apply some fast pitch changes	
113 What is the meaning of a steady red light signal at a controlled aerod an aircraft on ground? (1,00 P.)		t is the meaning of a steady red light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed to ircraft on ground? (1,00 P.)	
		Clear the taxiway / runway Return to starting point Land at this airport and proceed to apron Stop	
114	How	are two parallel runways designated? (1,00 P.)	
		The left runway gets the suffix "-1", the right runway "-2" The left runway gets the suffix "L", the right runway remains unchanged	
		The left runway remains unchanged, the right runway designator is increased by 1 The left runway gets the suffix "L", the right runway "R"	

115	15 According to ICAO Anex 14, which is the colour marking of a runway? (1,00 P.)	
		Yellow Blue White Green
116	What is indicated by a pattern of longitudinal stripes of uniform dimensions dispose symmetrically about the centerline of a runway? (1,00 P.)	
		Do not touch down before them Do not touch down behind them At this point the glide path of an ILS hits the runway A ground roll could be started from this position
117	Whi	ch runway designators are correct for 2 parallel runways? (1,00 P.)
		"06L" and "06R" "18" and "18-2" "24" and "25" "26" and "26R"
118	Wha	t is a "PAPI" (Precision Approach Path Indicator)? (1,00 P.)
110		An instrumental aid that provides guidance information to help a pilot acquire and maintain the correct approach to an aerodrome or an airport  A visual aid that provides guidance information to help a pilot acquire and maintain the correct departure track when departing from an aerodrome or an airport  A visual aid that provides guidance information to help a tower controller acquire and maintain the correct approach to an aerodrome or an airport  A visual aid that provides guidance information to help a pilot acquire and maintain the correct glidepath to an aerodrome or an airport
119	An a	erodrome beacon (ABN) is a (1,00 P.)
		rotating beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the ground. fixed beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the
		air. rotating beacon installed at the beginning of the final approach to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the air.
	Ø	rotating beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the air.
120	Whi	ch is the colour of runway edge lights? (1,00 P.)
		White Red Green Blue

#### 121 Which is the colour of runway end lights? (1,00 P.)

- □ White
- ☑ Red
- ☐ Green
- □ Blue

#### 122 What is shown on the printed sign?

#### See figure (ALW-019) (1,00 P.)

- ☑ Taxiway A
- ☐ Part A of the runway
- ☐ Point A on a taxiway
- ☐ Parking position A



ALW-019

#### 123 What is shown on the printed sign?

## See figure (ALW-020) (1,00 P.)

- □ 2500 m in the stated direction till reaching the departure point of the runway
- □ 2500 m in the stated direction till reaching the parking area
- ☐ From this runway intersection the available runway is length 2500 m in the stated direction
- ☐ From this runway intersection the complete runway length is 2500 m in the stated direction



## 124 Which meaning has a yellow diagonal on red ground signal as shown in the signal area of an aerodrome?

#### See figure (ALW-009) (1,00 P.)

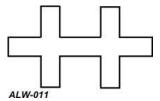
- ☑ Caution, manouevering area is poor.
- ☐ Prohibition on landing for a longer period.
- ☐ Ground movement restricted to hard surfaces.
- ☐ After take-off and before landing all turns have to be made to the right.



#### 125 What is the meaning of this sign at an aerodrome?

#### See figure (ALW-011) (1,00 P.)

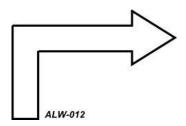
- ☐ Caution, manoeuvring area is poor
- ☐ Landing prohibited for a longer period
- ☑ Glider flying is in progress
- ☐ After take-off and before landing all turns have to be made to the right



### 126 What is the meaning of the illustrated ground signal as shown in the signal area of an aerodrome?

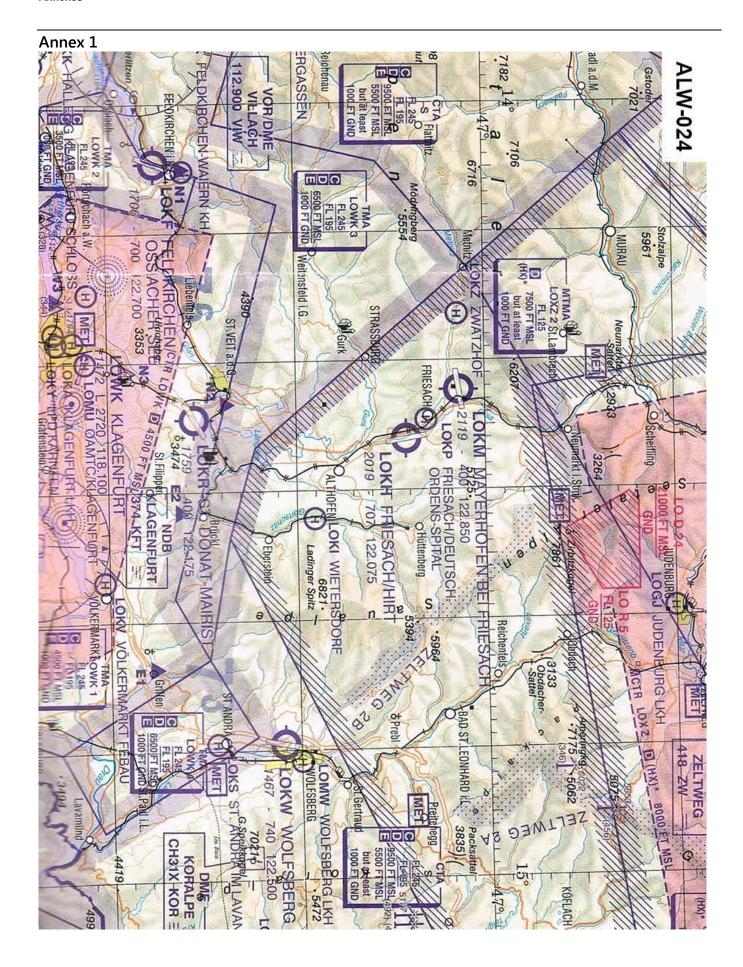
#### See figure (ALW-012) (1,00 P.)

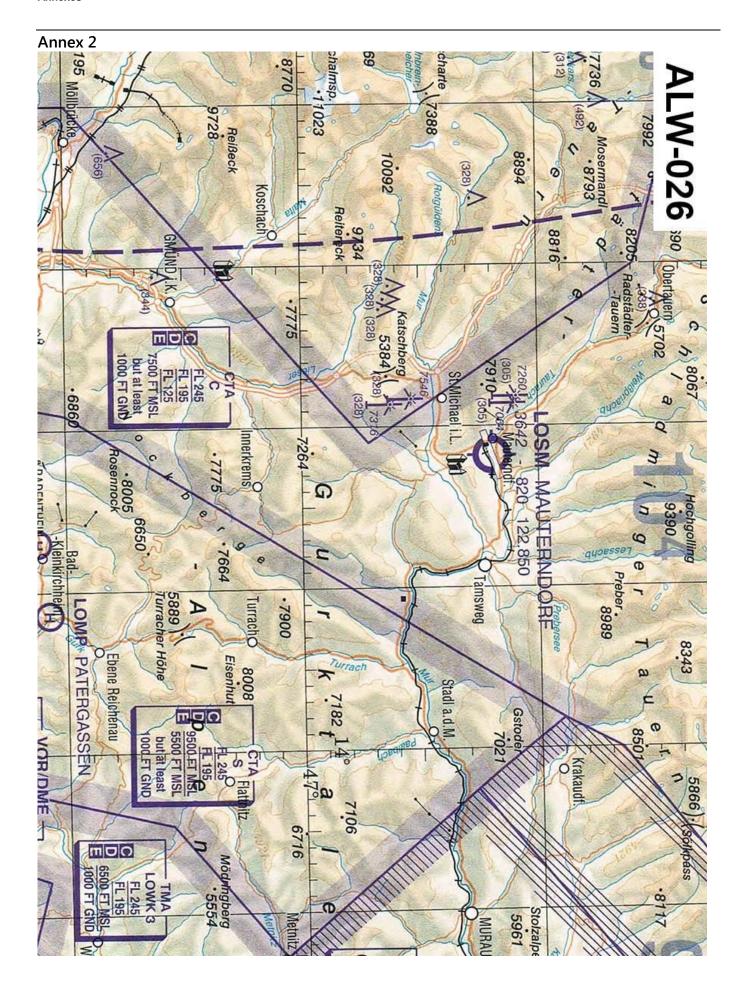
- ☐ Caution, manoeuvring area is poor
- ☐ Prohibition on landing for a longer period
- ☐ Ground movement restricted to hard surfaces
- ☑ After take-off and before landing all turns have to be made to the right

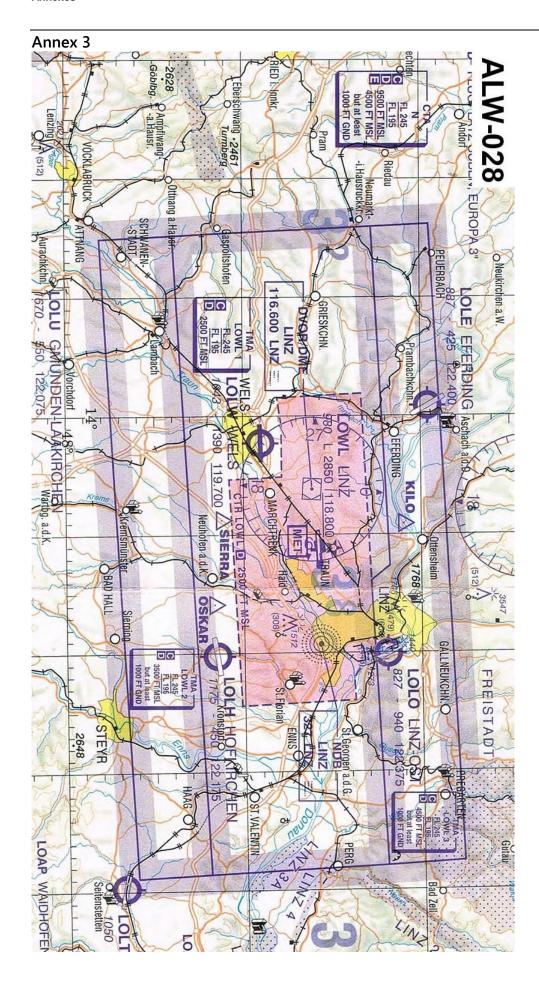


127	What	is the meaning of "DETRESFA"? (1,00 P.)
		Distress phase Alerting phase Uncertainty phase Rescue phase
	Ш	Rescue priase
128	Who	provides search and rescue service? (1,00 P.)
		Only military organisations Only civil organisations Both military and civil organisations International approved organisations
129		h meaning does the search and rescue signal "X" have when displayed on the nd? (1,00 P.)
		Indicates the direction to proceed Send a doctor Need food and water Unable to proceed
130	Which meaning does the search and rescue signal "V" have when displayed on ground? (1,00 P.)	
		Indicates the direction to proceed Serious injuries, send a doctor Need help Unable to proceed
131		can a pilot confirm a search and rescue signal on ground in flight? (1,00 P.)
		Rock the wings Deploy and retract the landing flaps multiple times Push the rudder in both directions multiple times Fly in a parabolic flight path multiple times
422	\\/hio	h of the following person is NOT outhorized to stoy upottonded in an airport
132		h of the following person is NOT authorized to stay unattended in an airport? (1,00 P.)
		A pilot, identified by his licens. An authority representative, identified by his identity card. An aircraft owner, identified by the papers of his aircarft. A passenger, identified by the boarding pass.

133	With respect to aircraft accident and incident investigation, what are the three categories regarding aircraft occurences? (1,00 P.)		
		Incident Serious incident Accident	
		Happening Event Serious event	
		Event Serious event Accident	
		Event Crash Desaster	
134	Wha	t is the primary purpose of an aircraft accident investigation? (1,00 P.)	
		To determite the guilty party and draw legal consequences To work for the public prosecutor and help to follow-up flight accidents To clarify questions of liability within the meaning of compensation for passengers To identify the reasons and work out safety recommendations	







#### Annex 4

# **ALW-029** MITTELLAND 2000 FT GND FL 660 FL 100 T ROGEN "R" FELDKIRCH "DR. SCHENK" Hoher Freschen 21.200 Pfänder 03484 BREGENZŁKH

